GEOS



Libya WEEKLY BRIEF

April 05th – April 11th, 2023





LATEST DEVELOPMENTS

POLITICS: This week, another meeting of the JMC took place in Benghazi, and brought together military and security leaders from Libya's western, southern and eastern regions. The meeting was also attended by the Head of the UNSMIL, Abdoulaye Bathily, who delivered the opening remarks. Similarly to the previous meeting that took place in Tripoli, this gathering aimed to bring together both sides of the JMC alongside military leaders from around Libya in order to exchange views and strategies and potentially increase the level of cooperation.

In his opening statement, Bathily stressed his hopes for a code of conduct outlining a favourable political environment that would be agreed upon by all members of the meeting. He described the gathering as a symbol of unity, and a symbol of a new sovereign Libya. He called for reconciliation between the two sides and reiterated his plea to the group to ensure security during elections, in particular for women candidates and voters.

On 08/04, the JMC issued a conclusive statement summarizing the agreements following the conference. Six points were agreed upon in the meeting, as outlined in the statement released by UNSMIL:

- 1) « Expressed full commitment to the conclusions of the dialogue between the 5+5 JMC and the military and security leaders in Tunis & Tripoli.
- 2) Re-affirmed the readiness of the attendees to provide all forms of support to secure all stages of the elections.
- 3) Supported the efforts of the 5+5 JMC and its Libyan Liaison Committees on the withdrawal of mercenaries and foreign fighters.
- 4) Initiated practical measures to start addressing the problems of internally displaced persons and missing persons and ensure their safe return through coordination among the concerned security agencies in the various regions of Libya.
- 5) Exchanged information on the detainees held by both sides and considered practical steps to exchange detainees as soon as possible.
- 6) Expressed appreciation for the initiative of the General Command to release six detainees from the western region who are held in custody for security issues. »

It was announced that a follow-up meeting would take place in Sebha after Ramadan.

Following the meeting, several national and international actors welcomed the event. On 08/04, during a meeting with Bathily, the US Ambassador and Special Envoy to Libya, Richard Norland, commended the JMC meeting and their efforts to agree on the departure of foreign forces in Libya. On the same day, the GNS' Prime Minister, Fathi Bashagha, declared in a press statement his full support for the meeting, describing it as an important step towards unifying the military and security institutions in the country. He added that this unification was essential to having a competent government capable of holding elections.

Assessment: As several meetings of the JMC have recently been observed in Tunis and Libya, a desire for further cooperation between eastern and western military leaders seems to arise which could help advance the electoral process in Libya, with both sides eager to make a show of support for Bathily's efforts and do not want to be seen as hindering the political transition. The Head of the UNSMIL has declared that improved security conditions were among the primary goals to be achieved for a successful holding of elections in Libya, which appear to be a major point of the recent meetings held by the JMC. Bathily's presence during the meeting highlights his continued diplomatic efforts in the context of the UNSMIL initiative the expedite the Libyan electoral process and involve local actors in the process.



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Franklin Tower 23rd floor - CS 20093 - 100-101 Terrasse Boieldieu 92 042 La Défense Cedex - France +33 (0) 1 77 74 15 10 <u>www.qroupegeos.com</u> **POLITICS:** Two meetings involving the newly formed 6+6 Committee between the HoR and the HCS took place in the past week, underlining an effort towards advancing the electoral process.

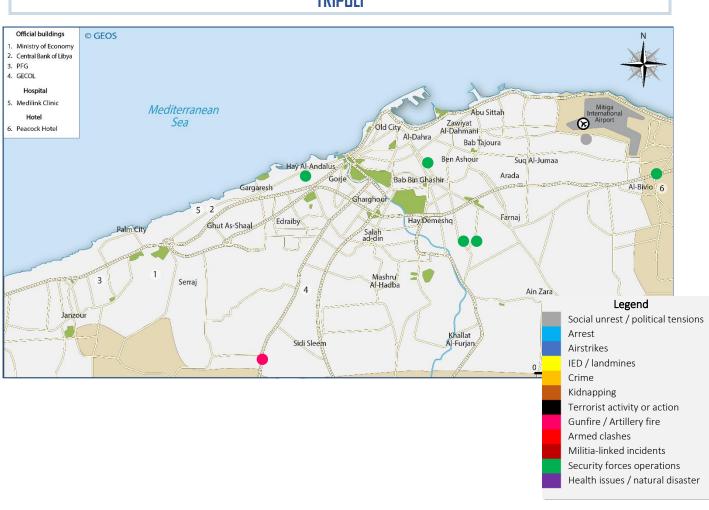
On 05/04, the Committee held its first meeting at the HCS' headquarters in Tripoli. They reportedly discussed the functioning of the Committee, and the tasks it has to fulfill. A few days later on 09/04, several members of the Committee met with the Head of the HNEC, Imad Al-Sayeh, in Tripoli. During the meeting, they discussed matters such as technical issues pertaining to the drafting of the electoral laws based on international standards, on constitutional provisions in the 13th amendment, and the distribution of seats. They agreed to maintain regular communication between the HNEC and the 6+6 Committee so that the HNEC can provide technical and legal advice facilitating the work and accelerates the issuance of electoral laws, in order to reach the implementation of the electoral road map planned for this year. The 6+6 Committee is scheduled to meet in Tripoli this week.

Assessment: The launch of meetings of the 6+6 Committee represents a new stage in the evolution of the electoral process, and a step forward towards the drafting of electoral laws, on which future meetings of the Committee will likely focus. Debate within the Committee will likely arise due to continuous uncertainty over some aspects of the laws, such as eligibility criteria for presidential candidates, which could slow down the dialogue.



SIGNIFICANT INCIDENTS

TRIPOLI



Main incidents of the week			
April 11 th	Tripoli: On 11/04, an American national was allegedly arrested by the Internal Security Agency (ISA), presumably in Tripoli. He is accused of setting up an organization spreading Christianity in Libya.		
April 11 th	Tripoli: On 11/04, a civilian was arrested by security forces during a security operation in Tripoli. He is accused of armed robbery.		
April 10 th	Tripoli: On 10/04, 2 Nigerians nationals were arrested by security forces in Tripoli. They are accused of assault and murder of another Nigerian national.		
April 7 th	Tajoura: A foreign national from an African country and a civilian were arrested by security forces in Tajoura on 07/04. They are accused of kidnapping.		
April 6 th	Tripoli, Al-Andalus: On 06/04, a civilian was arrested by security forces in Tripoli's Al-Andalus neighbourhood. He is accused of impersonating a police officer to commit theft and extorsion.		
April 5 th	Tripoli, Gypsum Gate: On the evening of 05/04, unidentified gunfire was heard in Tripoli's Gypsum Gate area. No further information was available.		



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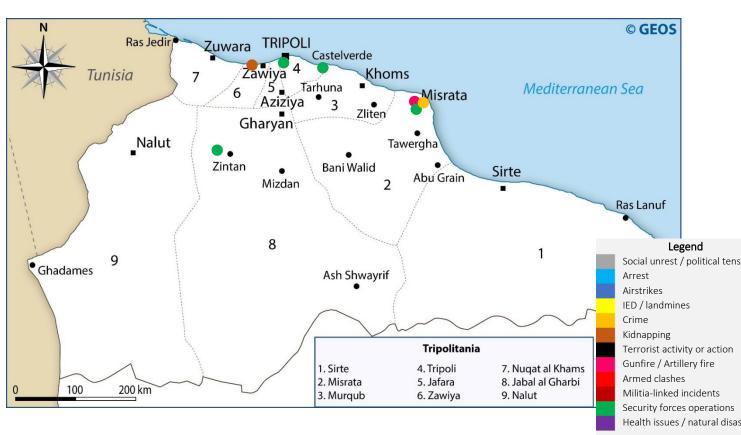
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Outlook

- → High tensions between armed groups, risk of armed clashes and of retaliatory attacks (targeted killings, kidnappings);
- → Increased risk of protests linked to the political transition process and the deterioration of socioeconomic conditions;
- \rightarrow Latent terrorist threat in the capital;
- → Volatile security environment due to the high circulation of weapons among the population;
- → Pursuit of the **reinforcement of the security apparatus and anti-criminal operations**, especially in the city's southern outskirts;
- → **Risk of ERW and IED explosions** in the southern outskirts.



TRIPOLITANIA



Main incidents of the week				
April 11 th	Tripolitania, Surman: On 11/04, a civilian was kidnapped by unknown perpetrators in Surman. No further information available.			
April 11 th	Tripolitania, Misrata: In the early hours of 11/04, a number of football supporters of a Tripoli club were injured when they were assaulted by supporters of a Misrati football club on Misrata's Coastal Road, whilst on their way to Benghazi. Some of the injured were transferred to hospital.			
April 10 th	Tripolitania, Castleverde: On 10/04, a civilian was arrested by security forces in Castelverde. He is accused of assault and shooting.			
April 9 th	Tripolitania, Qaser Bin Ghashir: On 09/04, a civilian was arrested by security forces in Qaser Bin Ghashir. He is accused of theft and arson.			
April 9 th	Tripolitania, Jadu: On 09/04, a civilian was arrested by security forces during a security operation in Jadu ordered by the Libyan Attorney General. He is accused of fraud amounting to LYD 600,000.			
April 7 th	Tripolitania, Misrata: On 07/04, 3 foreign nationals from African countries were arrested by security forces during a security operation in Misrata. They are accused of drug trafficking.			
April 6 th	Tripolitania, Misrata, Zawiyat Al-Mahjoub: In the late hours of 06/04, unidentified gunmen reportedly opened fire on the convoy of the GNU's Prime Minister, Abdulhamid Dbeibah, with light weapons and RPGs, in Misrata's Zawiyat Al-Mahjoub area. Dbeibah had reportedly come to the area to attend a competition.			



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Franklin Tower 23rd floor - CS 20093 - 100-101 Terrasse Boieldieu 92 042 La Défense Cedex - France +33 (0) 1 77 74 15 10 <u>www.groupegeos.com</u> **SECURITY:** On the evening of 06/04, the convoy of the GNU's Prime Minister, Abdulhamid Dbeibah, was targeted whilst on a visit to Misrata to attend the Nama International competition for memorizing the Holy Quran. According to social media sources, unidentified gunmen opened fire in the vicinity of the convoy with light weapons and RPGs in Misrata's Zawiyat Al-Mahjoub area, near the Al-Mahjoub Mosque. It allegedly forced Dbeibah to leave before the end of the ceremony. No reaction was given by the GNU's media office.

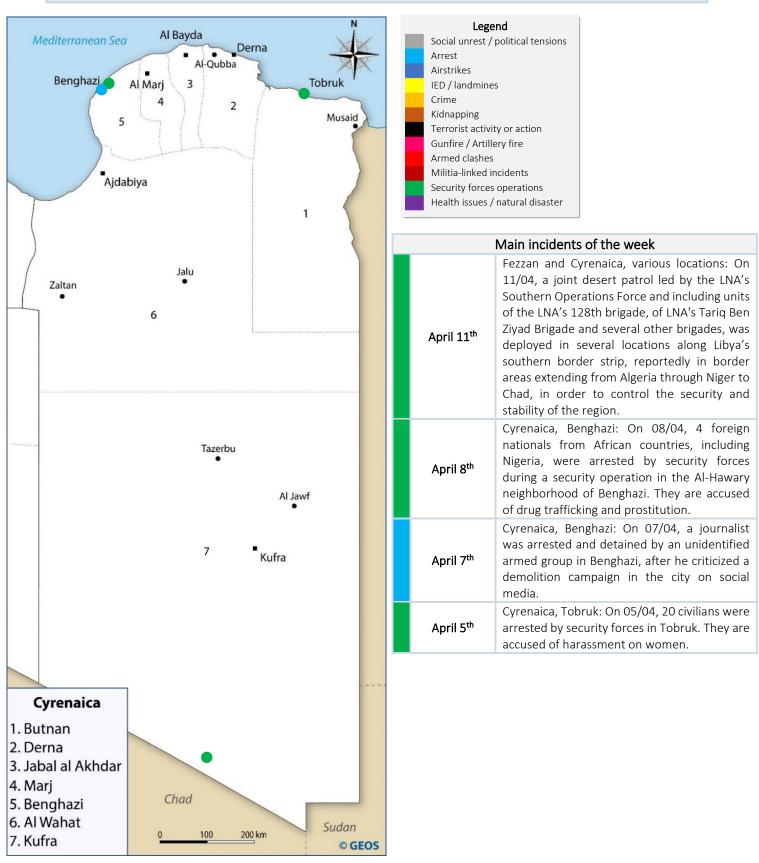
Assessment: Whilst the motive for the gunfire remains unclear, social media sources suggested that the gunmen were opposed to Dbeibah's presence in the city, and his visit caused division amongst the population. This incident is a reminder that despite having a significant support base in Misrata, his hometown, GNU's Abdulhamid Dbeibah continues to face some opposition both among the population and local armed groups, illustrating the complexity of Libya's dynamics when it comes to allegiances among political and security actors.

Outlook

- → Tensions between armed groups which can lead to targeted attacks (drive-by shootings, kidnappings) and escalate into armed clashes, notably in the localities west and south of Tripoli and along the western coastal road;
- \rightarrow Tensions linked to the continued presence of mercenaries and foreign armed forces;
- \rightarrow Risk of sporadic clashes between security forces and criminal groups during anti-criminal operations;
- → Risk of demonstrations linked to insecurity, the deterioration of socio-economic conditions, and the ongoing political divide;
- \rightarrow Risk of blockades of oil sites;
- \rightarrow Latent terrorist risk.



CYRENAICA





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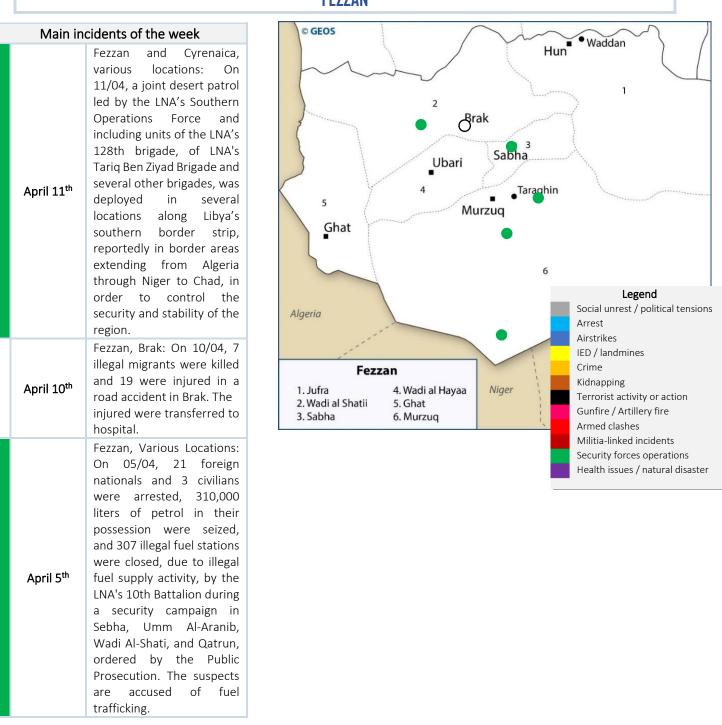
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Outlook

- → Latent tensions between LNA-affiliated units leading to sporadic skirmishes and targeted attacks/killings and retaliations;
- \rightarrow Tensions between the LNA and the population/local tribes;
- \rightarrow High crime rate in Benghazi;
- → Increase in protests linked to insecurity, the deterioration of socio-economic conditions and the political transition process;
- $\rightarrow~$ Risk of blockades of oil sites.



FEZZAN



SECURITY: This week, a large security campaign targeting fuel smuggling took place in various areas of Fezzan. On 05/04, 21 foreign nationals and 3 civilians were arrested by security forces supported by the LNA's 10th Battalion during a security campaign in Sebha, Umm Al-Aranib, Wadi Al-Shati and Qatrun, ordered by the Public Prosecution. 310,000 liters of petrol in their possession were seized whilst 307 illegal fuel stations were closed due to their illegal fuel supply activity. The arrestees are accused of fuel trafficking.



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Assessment: Similar operations were recorded recently in Fezzan, such as on 15/03 in Umm Al-Aranib when security forces targeted smugglers hideouts and illegal gas stations and seized fuel trucks used for smuggling. Libya's southern region has been experiencing a scarcity of fuel, made evident by the long queues in front of petrol stations reported recently in Fezzan and a few protests where demonstrators accused authorities of failing to provide fuel to Fezzan on a regular basis, such as in Ghat last January. Low access to basic commodities such as fuel has further aggravated smuggling, contributing to the rate of criminality in the area and explaining the increasing number of security operations aimed at curbing this trend. Previous efforts by security forces against fuel smuggling had mostly been noticed in western Libya but in recent months, security campaigns of this type have gained visibility in the Fezzan region, often carried out by local security forces or LNA forces.

Outlook

- → Very high criminal rate in Sebha: regular attacks targeting properties (carjackings, armed robberies) and people (drive-by shootings);
- → Risk of protests and blockades of oil sites to denounce the deterioration of life conditions and ongoing political divide;
- \rightarrow Latent terrorist risk in the region;
- → Latent tribal tensions which can lead to skirmishes or retaliation acts between tribes or with LNA forces in the area;
- \rightarrow Tensions between the GNU and the LNA due to military deployments;
- \rightarrow Deteriorated situation along the Chadian border and continued incursion of Chadian armed groups.



ACRONYM LIST

AAS – Ansar al-Sharia ACA – Administrative Control Authority AFRICOM – United States Africa Command AGOCO – Arabian Gulf Oil Company AQ – Al-Qaeda AV – Armoured Vehicles bpd – Barrel per day BPMC – Brega Petroleum Marketing Company CP/(I)VCP - Check Point / (Illegal) Vehicle Check Point CBL – Central Bank of Libya CID - Criminal Investigation Department Col – Chief of Intelligence ERW – Explosive Remnants of War EU – European Union EUDEL – Delegation of the European Union to Libya FACT – Front for Alternance and Concord in Chad GECOL – General Electrical Company of Libya GMR – Great Man-Made River GNA - Government of National Accord GNC – General National Congress GNS – Government of National Stability GNU – Government of National Unity HCS – High Council of State HNEC - High National Election Commission HoR – House of Representatives HVT – High-Value Target ICC – International Criminal Court IED – Improvised Explosive Device IDP – Internally Displaced Person IOM – International Organization for Migration IS – Islamic State JMC – Joint Military Commission (5+5)

JTF – Joint Task Force

LIA – Libyan Investment Authority LNA - Libyan National Army LPDF – Libyan Political Dialogue Forum LSM – Libyan Stock Market MBL – Muslim Brotherhood in Libya MoD – Ministry of Defence MoF – Ministry of Finance MoFA – Ministry of Foreign Affairs MoH – Ministry of Health Mol – Ministry of Interior MoJ – Ministry of Justice MoO – Ministry of Oil MoT – Ministry of Transportation NCDC – National Centre for Disease Control NGO - Non-Governmental Organization NOC – National Oil Company O&G - Oil and Gas PAX – Person or Passenger PC - Presidency Council PEG – Petroleum Facilities Guard PM – Prime Minister PMCs – Private Military Contractors RADA SDF – RADA Special Deterrence Forces RPG - Rocket Propelled Grenade SSA – Stabilization Support Authority TPF – Tripoli Protection Force TRB – Tripoli Revolutionaries Brigade TURAF - Turkish Air Force UAV – Unmanned Aerial Vehicle UN – United Nations UNSMIL - United Nations Support Mission in Libya UAE – United Arab Emirates USA – United States of America UXO – Unexploded Ordnance VBIED – Vehicle-borne improvised explosive device WHO - World Health Organization



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