

Libya weekly security analysis report

May 06, 2023

Prepared by:
Risk Analysis Team, Libya

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Executive Summary

- There have been no notable developments this week on the political process with reports that a possible meeting between Speaker of the HoR, Aquila Saleh and Chairman of the HCS, Khalid Mishri, in Cairo failed to materialize. While their 6+6 Committee remains focused on agreeing on its processes, Prime Minister (GNU) Abdulhamid Dbeibah has been furthering attempts to orchestrate a governmental reshuffle alongside the UAE through an agreement with the LNA.
- Meanwhile, Field Marshal Khalifa Haftar, commander of the LNA, conducted a high-level visit to Rome this week where he met with Italian Prime Minister, Giorgia Meloni as well as senior ministers including Foreign Minister Antonio Tajani. Reports indicate that among the various topics discussed were the presence of Wagner Group, migration flows to Italy, the conflict in Sudan and the political process in Libya. The talks were reportedly set for January however they were postponed due to health problems allegedly suffered by Haftar.
- While the field marshal has been busy abroad this week, at home, the Haftar family made its most significant move yet against the Nadouri family. This saw 115 Battalion dissolved and its assets absorbed into the growing behemoth that is 106 Brigade. The move comes after years of growing tensions, mainly amongst the younger generation.
- Speculation has continued this week suggesting that the LNA, and even the NOC, have been providing support to the Rapid Support Force (RSF) in Sudan. The speculation has not been backed by any evidence, so far at least. Reports have indicated that the border between Libya and Sudan has been closed on both sides, however local reports from Sudanese nationals living on the Libya side suggest traffic continues to move as normal.
- Tensions have risen in Tripolitania with concerns increasing amongst armed groups of possible renewed conflict. This appears to be largely centered around the west of the capital at present with Lt Gen Osama Jweli, commander of the Western Mountain Military Region forced (again) to state his forces have no intent to attack the capital. Jweli positioned himself against the GNU in 2022 after being increasingly marginalized after the GNU assumed power.
- This week saw hundreds of people demonstrate outside the GNU demanding that the head of the General Authority for Endowments and Islamic Affairs, Mohamed Al-Abani be dismissed. The authority oversees the needs of mosques and appoints Imams, preachers and Quran teachers. As such, the institution has notable influence in Libya. Abani was appointed by the GNA in an effort to counter the influence of the Fatwa House. The appointment pitted both institutions against each other with the general authority being pulled into the Madkhali sphere of influence and the Fatwa House remaining under the influence of the Grand Mufti who adheres to Jihadist Salafism. Jihadist Salafism is on the rise in the region once again, and tensions over the religious divide are likely to continue to rise in the longer term.

Outlook

Short Term Outlook

- Election momentum is failing to gain traction in Libya at present. The 6+6 Committee from the House of Representatives (HoR) and the High Council of State (HCS) remains the focal point of the political process for now but has failed to make any progress towards its goals. SRSG Abdoulaye Bathily is progressing his High-Level Panel for Elections (HLPE) concept with June given as a deadline for the 6+6 Committee to come to an agreement. Meanwhile, heads of both the HoR and HCS continue to meet in Cairo, however, political elites remain subject to accusations that they are employing stalling tactics to avoid elections. At the same time, some international stakeholders are becoming more wary of elections, suggesting they could bring about more instability and may not be the answer to solving Libya's complex issues.
- The security situation in and around Tripoli remains fundamentally unstable. After significant changes to the capital's security makeup in August and September 2022, tensions are once again increasing as mistrust and competition grow. This is leading to increased concerns of a further outbreak of violence in or around Tripoli with tensions mainly building to the west of the capital at present.
- The outbreak of violence in Sudan has the potential to cause conflagration across the region and potentially destabilise the southern border areas with Libya. There has been speculation that the Libyan National Army (LNA) and even the National Oil Corporation (NOC) have been providing support to the Rapid Support Force (RSF), one of the belligerents of the Sudanese conflict, however there has been no evidence to support this. While the border has allegedly been closed on both sides, local reports suggest traffic is moving normally at this time. Efforts are underway in Kufra to establish mechanisms to support any refugees coming across the border, however, for now, reports suggest most Sudanese refugees moving over land borders are heading to other countries including Chad and Egypt.

Medium to Long Term Outlook

- The solution to Libya's political impasse remains elections for many stakeholders with UNSMIL attempting to develop a new pathway. Realistically, the path to elections in 2023 will be fraught with difficulties however, there is a real chance that much-needed groundwork could be achieved whether elections are held or not. While UNSMIL heads efforts towards elections, other international stakeholders are prioritising more short-term objectives as they look to shape not just Libya, but regional and global issues.
- The resurgence of Jihadist Salafism in Tripolitania remains a potential source of destabilisation with indications of renewed tensions between adherents and those of Madkhali Salafism. This competition between the opposing ideologies seeps into the political as well as the military spaces and is expected to slowly intensify as the Jihadist Salafi adherents gain strength in the region. This could increasingly become a defining factor for various groups involved in the political and military spaces.
- While the political process continues to falter, armed groups are exploiting the situation to increase their strength, influence and power across Libya which will likely have a longer-term negative impact on the political situation.
- Terrorist groups remain active but contained in Libya. Islamic State (IS) will continue to present a threat to security forces, primarily in the south, and may re-establish the capability to mount sporadic attacks along the coastline in the future. The group continues to suffer from years of attrition and is more likely focused on providing support for more active IS theatres in sub-Saharan Africa. Al-Qaeda-aligned groups remain active in the country with their integration into societies in the south and some armed groups in the Tripoli area potentially posing a longer-term issue for Libya.

Threat Matrix

Region	Political	Terrorism	Militancy	Crime	Kidnap	Civil Unrest
Tripolitania	High	Moderate	High-Extreme	High	High	High
Tripoli	High	Moderate	High-Extreme	High	High	High
Cyrenaica	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Benghazi	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Fezzan	High	High	High	High	High	Low-Moderate
Sabha	High	Moderate	High	High	High	Moderate

Threat Scale

Minimal	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme
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Weekly Assessment

Haftar makes high-profile visit to Rome

Field Marshal Khalifa Haftar, commander of the LNA, conducted a high-level visit to Rome this week where he met with Italian Prime Minister, Giorgia Meloni as well as senior ministers including Foreign Minister Antonio Tajani. Reports indicate that among the various topics discussed were the presence of Wagner Group, migration flows to Italy, the conflict in Sudan and the political process in Libya. The talks were reportedly set for January however they were postponed due to health problems allegedly suffered by Haftar.

The field marshal met with Prime Minister Meloni on May 04 for around two hours. Meloni looked to address the “unprecedented” increase in migrants coming from Cyrenaica which some Italian observers have claimed indicates Haftar is weakening as he is using the migrant flows as a source of income.

“Haftar’s visit to Rome comes as Italy continues to grapple with a growing number of migrants and refugees arriving by sea from North Africa. Haftar’s cooperation will be greatly appreciated, and we believe that the meeting with Prime Minister Meloni will bring some positive results.”

Unnamed source, Arab News – May 04, 2023

Regardless, the issue will provide leverage for Haftar in his dealings with Rome. According to data from the Italian Ministry of Interior, there has been a 166% increase in the number of people arriving in Italy at the start of 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. Over half of these travelled from the east and mainly comprised Egyptians, Bengalis, and Syrians. The figures back up reporting from the end of 2022 suggesting migrant routes from the east of Libya were becoming much more active. The issue remains a priority for Italy with Meloni, who took control in October 2022, pledging to curb mass migration to Italy.

Meloni and Haftar also discussed the presence of Wagner Group in Libya, an issue which has taken on increased importance since the start of the Ukrainian conflict and more recently, the Sudanese conflict. Some reports have suggested that Wagner is already actively engaged in the fighting in Sudan, largely around Khartoum, and has ‘patrols’ at Port Sudan. Wagner, as

well as the LNA, are assessed as supporting the RSF however there remains uncertainty over whether the LNA has yet to provide any material

assistance although the RSF is likely using its positions in Libya as a rear support base.

Concern from the international community over the Sudanese conflict is mounting with fears the two belligerents, the RSF and the Sudan Armed Forces (SAF), could pull in their various allies, risking conflagration through the region. This concern was allegedly relayed to Haftar by the United States Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs, Barbara Leaf, who stated “the urgent need to prevent external actors, including mercenaries from Wagner Group, from further destabilizing Libya or its neighbours, including Sudan.” A similar sentiment was allegedly sent to Haftar from Cairo however this was driven by the fact Cairo, a key LNA ally, supports the SAF.

The talks in Rome come as the LNA continues to engage with various Libyan and international stakeholders as it seeks to develop a strategy however unconfirmed reports claim that the visit did not produce any agreements. The meetings also coincided with unconfirmed reports that Saddam Haftar met with the Italian Intelligence Chief, Giovanni Caravelli, on May 04 in Sabha. Reflecting the talks in Rome, Caravelli was allegedly looking to curb Wagner Group activities and LNA support for the RSF. In addition, they also discussed several other issues including the establishment of an Italian military base in the Fezzan.

The Haftar family moves against the Nadouri family

While the field marshal has been busy abroad this week, at home, the Haftar family made its most significant move yet against the Nadouri family. This saw 115 Battalion dissolved and its assets absorbed into the growing behemoth that is 106 Brigade. The move comes after years of growing tensions, mainly amongst the younger generations.

115 Battalion was commanded by Abdul Fattah al-Nadouri, son of the LNA Chief of Staff, Abdul Razek al-Nadouri. The battalion had been handed to him by his father in 2018 but saw its fortunes fade over the last few years as Saddam and Khalid Haftar sought to ensure a rival military family dynasty did not rise in competition with them. There have been long-running tensions between the two rival camps with the Nadouri's building a family empire in and around their hometown of Marj.

The tensions between the younger generation of military officers became apparent in March 2022 when 106 Brigade deployed to Marj with an arrest warrant for Abdul Fattah. 115 Battalion responded by mobilising assets to the area resulting in a stand-off. 106 Brigade eventually withdrew, possibly after intervention from the older generation. Relations have not improved and after the dissolution of 115 Battalion, Abdul Fattah has indicated he will be stepping away from his military career. At least for now. The move was likely carried out by the Haftar's to establish influence in and around Marj but to reduce the threat posed by the Nadouri family as the LNA looks ahead to the succession. For now, the older Nadouri remains in his position with no indications that this will change in the near term. If Nadouri was to assume the role of head of the LNA at some point in the future from his current position as chief of staff, the loss of 115 Battalion would help to ensure that the influence that came with the appointment remained minimal.

Tensions on the rise in Tripolitani amongst armed groups

Tensions have risen in Tripolitania with concerns increasing amongst armed groups of possible renewed conflict. This appears to be largely centred around the west of the capital at present with Lt Gen Osama Jweli, commander of the Western Mountain Military Region forced (again) to state his forces have no intent to attack the capital. Jweli positioned himself against the GNU in 2022 after being increasingly marginalized after the GNU assumed power.

On April 30, Lt Gen Jweli met with Anwar Swessi and Salem Joha, two influential Misratans. The meeting took place in Aziziyah, Jweli's stronghold to the southwest of Tripoli. Both Swessi and Joha are seen as allies of Prime Minister (GNS) Fathi Bashagha, whom Jweli sided with mid-2022 against the GNU, resulting in Jweli's forces being ousted from Tripoli. Swessi had been seen as a supporter of the LNA prior to Operation Flood of Dignity back in 2019 which he opposed, siding with the resistance. After the offensive came to an end however, Swessi followed Bashagha towards engagement with the eastern authorities. Joha is a career military officer who was once touted as a possible chief of staff in a joint army. His time in the UAE allegedly saw him lean towards the LNA which, like Bashagha, has led to his influence diminishing.

Later in the week, trucks allegedly carrying weapons were noted traveling into Zintan. Some speculation has gone so far as to suggest Zintan, and Jweli, is now in receipt of sophisticated weaponry not found elsewhere in Libya. However, as with much speculation, there appears to be no evidence, or detail, as to what these weapons could be. It adds however to speculation earlier in the year of Jweli and his forces being supported by the French with weapons and military training. Confirmed reporting this week has pointed to a reorganisation of Jweli's forces with a new brigade being formed. The new brigade is under the command of Mokhtar Shoub and was announced when military vehicles, said to belong to Jweli, began forming up in centre of Zintan.

The public meeting between the three men in Aziziyah, the new brigade and speculation over weapons and training (whether accurate or not), is contributing to tensions and mistrust amongst armed groups in the west, forcing Jweli to address the situation with a denial he had any intent to "wage war" on May 06.

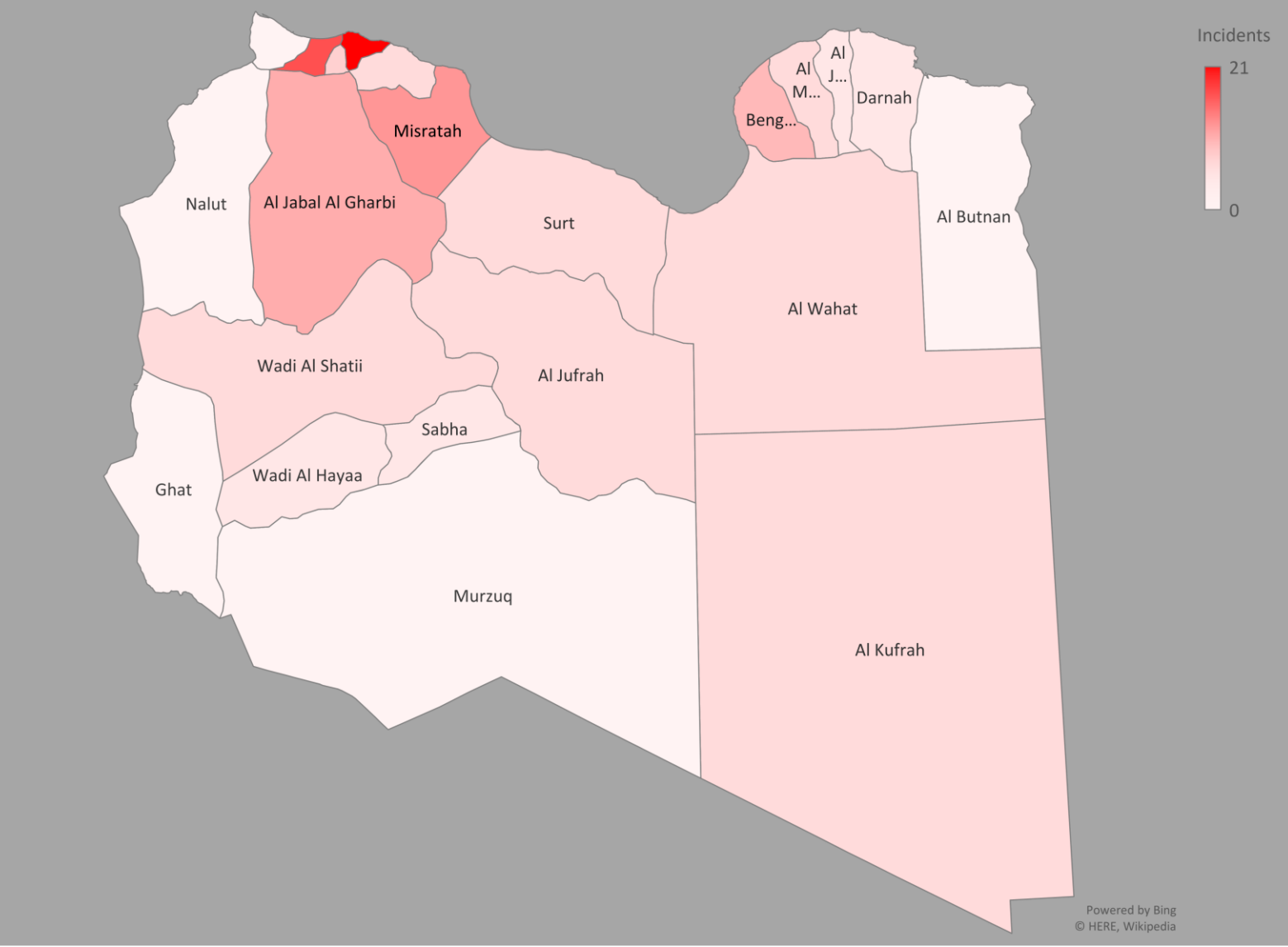
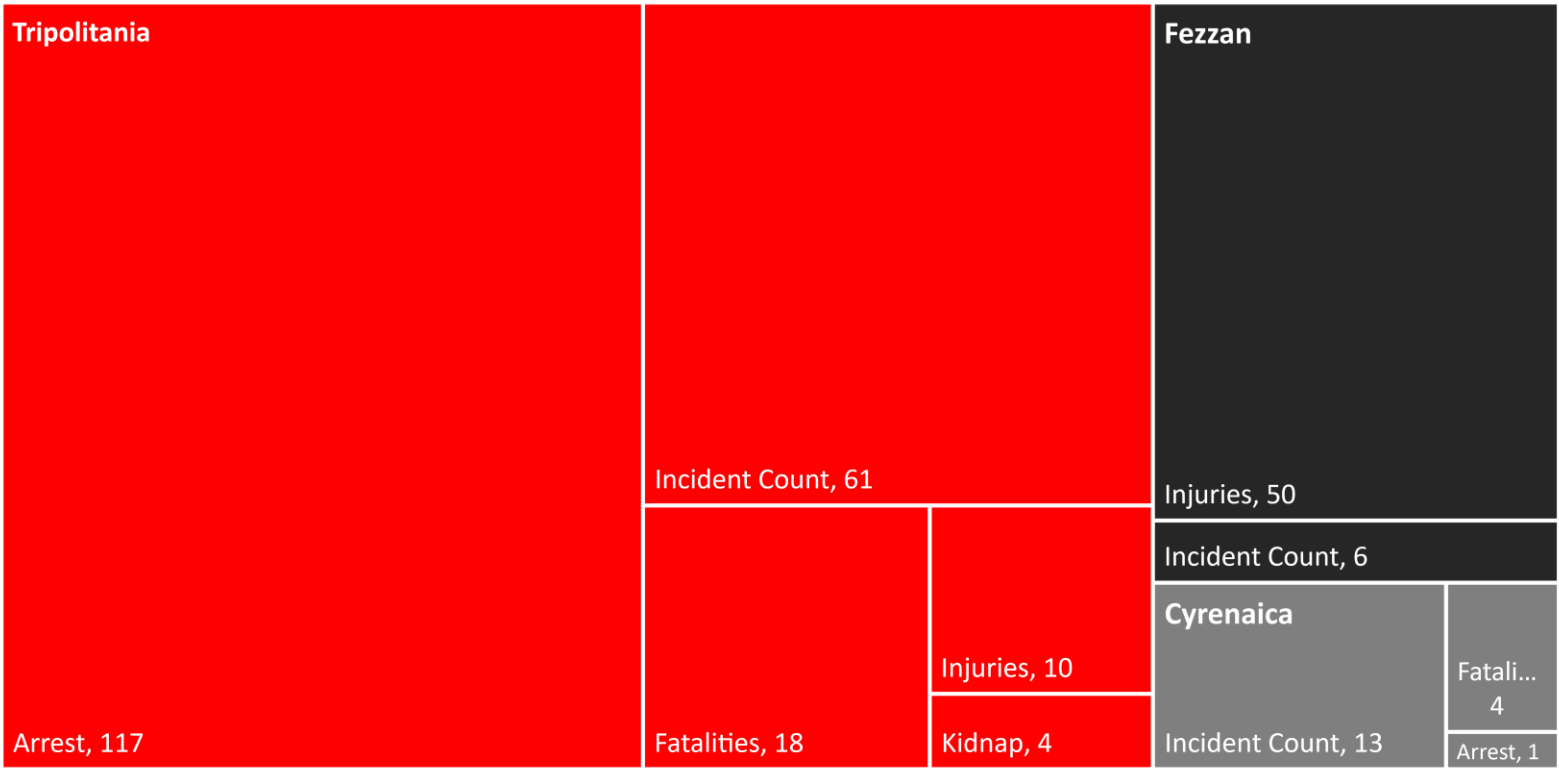
Highlighting this growing mistrust and tensions, towards the end of the week, 55 Battalion mobilised in response to mobilisations from 52 Infantry Brigade. 55 Battalion is based in Warshefana and realigned with the GNU last

year after siding with the GNS in mid-2022 however its commander, Muammer Dhawi, retains strong links to Jweli. 52 Brigade is situated to Dhawi's north along the coast and is under the command Mahmoud Bin Rajab, an influential commander from Zawiyah who is aligned with the LROR. The brigade comes under the Western Coast Military Zone commanded by former minister of defense, Salah Namroush, also from Zawiyah whose appointment saw Jweli's original military region cut in half to accommodate him.

This comes as Zawiyah remains notably unstable. Clashes last week gave way to calls for action against sub-Saharan Africans after footage emerged allegedly showing African nationals torturing Libyan youths. The footage prompted an outcry from politicians, military leaders and the public and has triggered concerns of a crackdown on the migrant communities along the north-west coastline similar to that currently been seen in Tunisia. In addition, protests in Zawiyah saw 52 Brigade retreat from the city on April 28.

Weekly Statistical Overview

Graph: Breakdown of weekly statistics including incident count, fatalities, injuries, kidnaps and arrests by region



Powered by Bing © HERE, Wikipedia

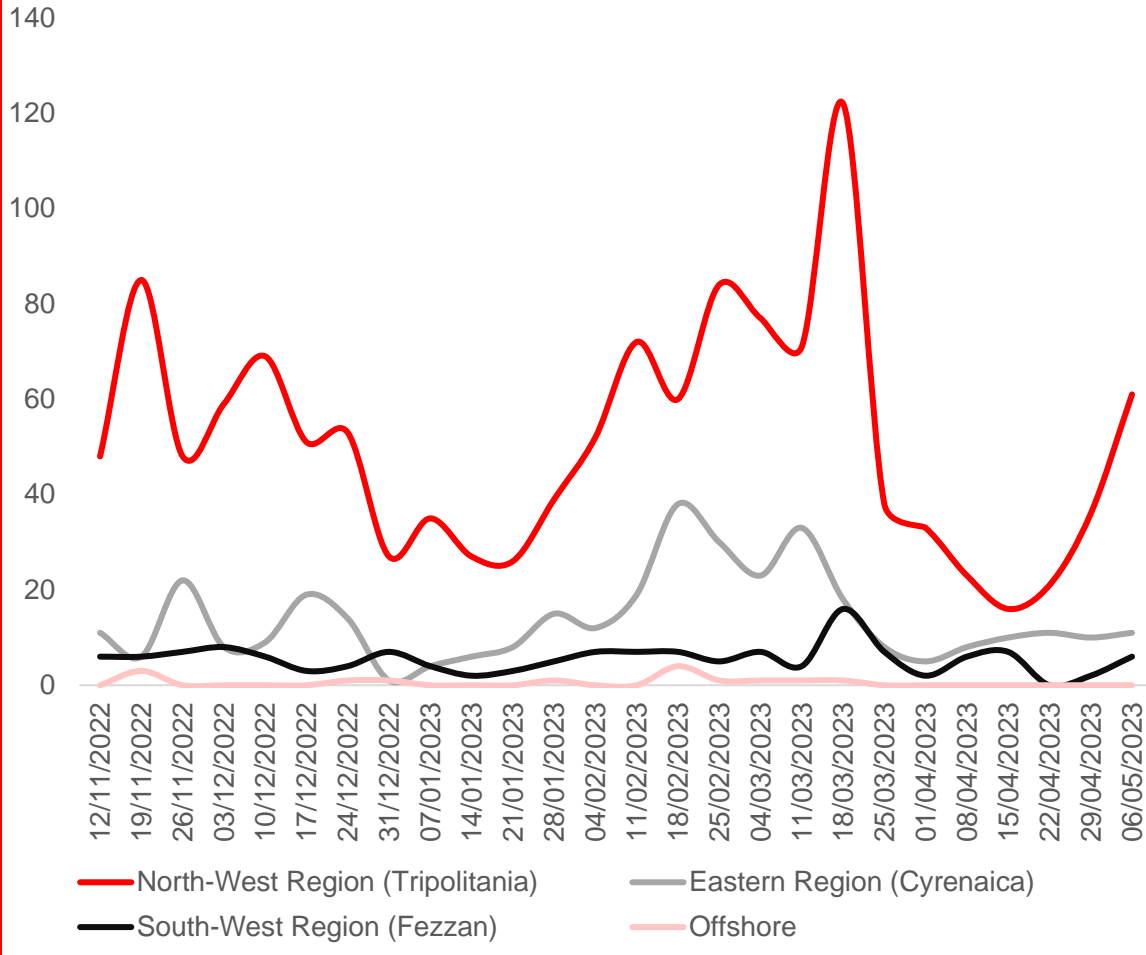
Image: Weekly security incidents across the country by province

Activity levels increased this week from 48 last week to 78 this week.

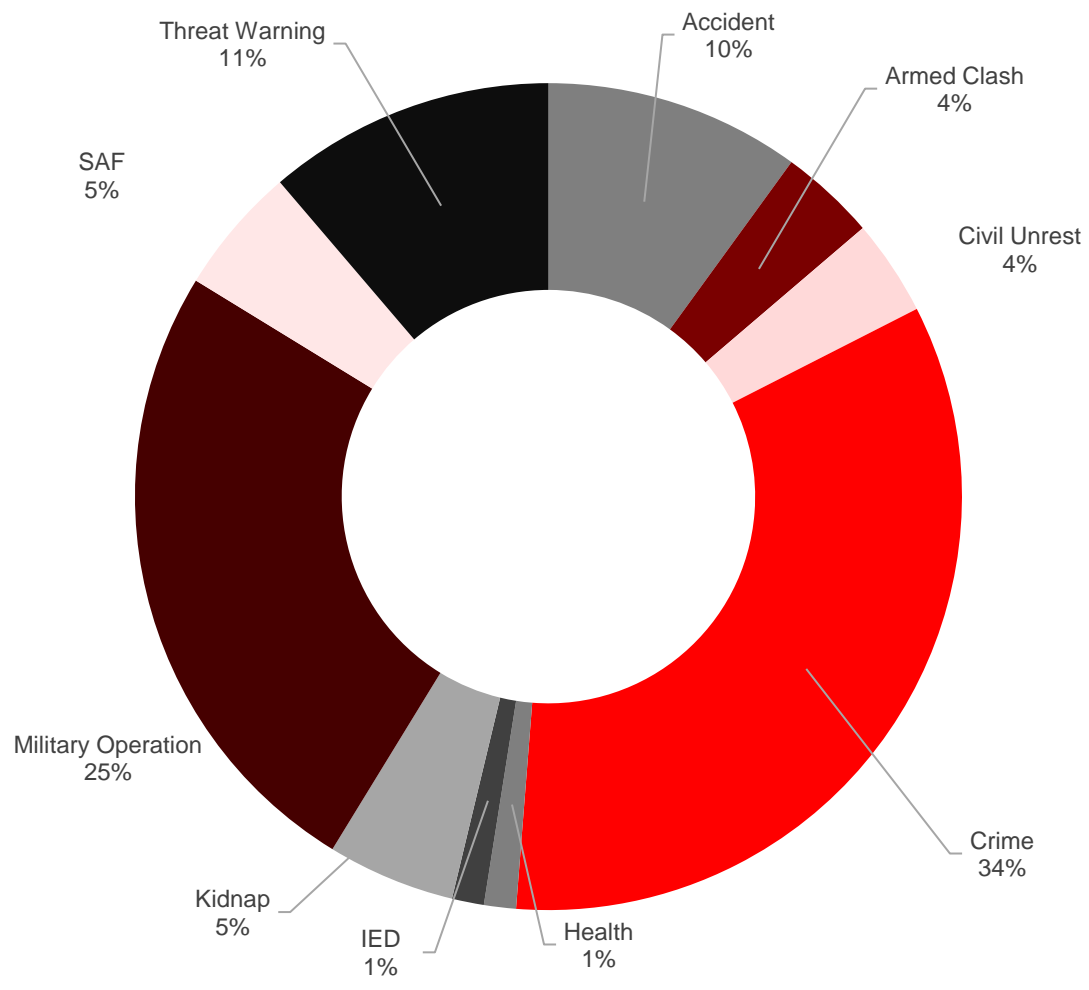
Tripolitania saw an increase in activity after levels were suppressed through Ramadan. Tensions are increasing in the region amongst armed groups with concerns of a possible resumption of armed conflict. Zawiyah also remains unstable as the city grapples with various issues and power plays by various groups.

Cyrenica saw levels remain relatively stable with 11 incidents reported compared to 10 last week. An internal dispute within the ISA as resulted in tit-for-tat kidnappings in the region while the local Awagir tribe in Qaminis have highlighted tensions with 106 Brigade over land ownership.

Activity increased this week in Fezzan with six incidents reported compared to two last week.



Graph: Weekly security incidents across the country by region for the past six months



Graph: Weekly security incidents across the country by incident category for the week

Weekly Significant Incidents

Tripolitania

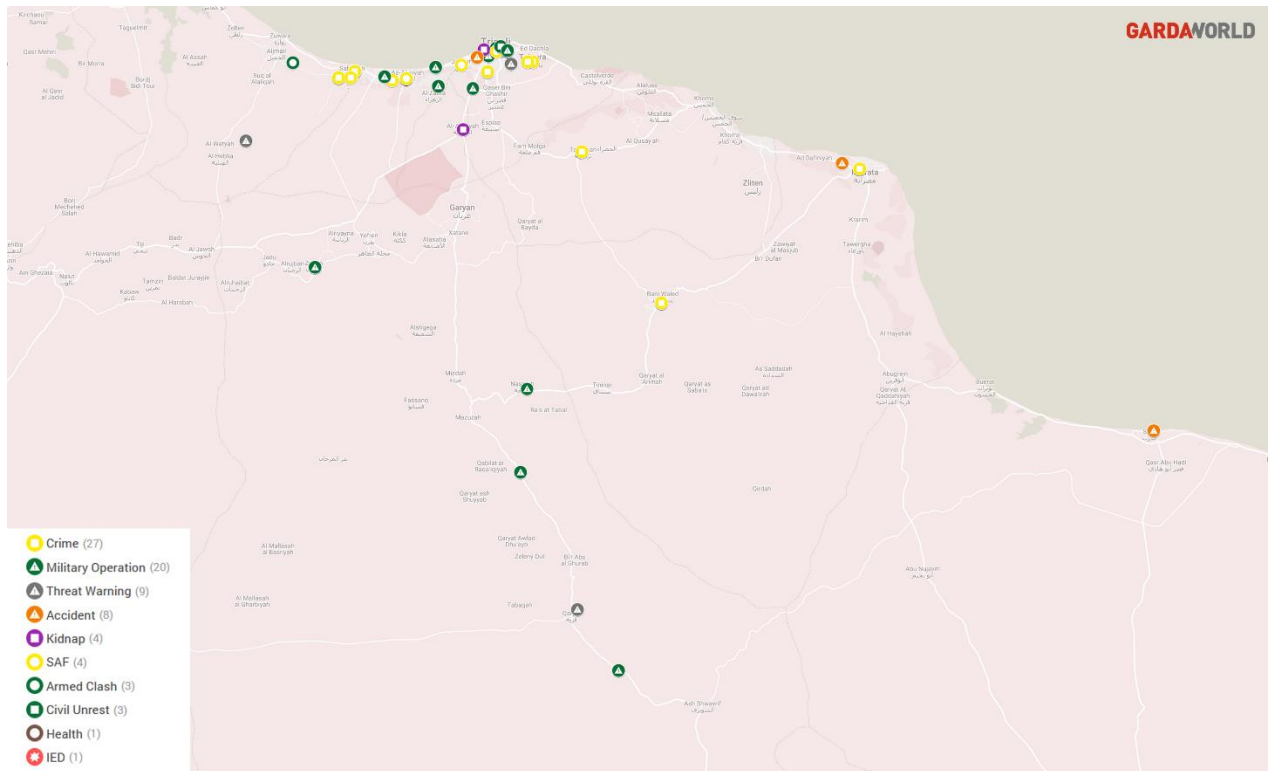


Image: Weekly security incidents reported across Tripolitania

Security Incidents

- Apr 30** Security Operation - Tripoli Province, Airport Road: DCIM and 111 Brigade forces conducted a security operation against a makeshift migrant camp on Airport road. The operation resulted in numerous arrests.
- Apr 30** Arrest - Az Zawiyah Province, Zawiyah: Unconfirmed sources reported that RADA/SDF arrested four members of the First Division. Those arrested were named as Abdul-Muhaimin Al-Mughirbi, Muhammad Kashinah, Muhammad Al-Buhali, and Abdullah Al-Zweik.
- May 02** Demonstration - Tripoli Province, Seka Road: A demonstration calling for the removal of ad-Madkhali al-Abani from the Awaqf Authority was held by Dar al-Ifta supporters.
- May 04** Security Operation - Tripoli Province, Fallah: DCIM Tripoli Branch and the SSA carried out a joint raid on locations housing illegal migrants.
- May 05** Troop Movements - Az Zawiyah Province, Zawiyah: The Western Task Force (Zawiyah specific under the Western Coastal Military Region) deployed to the city in preparation for raids on criminal elements. It's possible this action could trigger further destabilisation in the city.
- May 05** Arson - Az Zawiyah Province, Zawiyah: A tent belonging to the Path Correction Movement was burned by unknown people in Martyrs Square, Zawiyah. On May 06, a new tent was erected in place of the one that was burned. The movement has been conducting widespread protests across the city against armed group impunity. A spokesman stated that the arson was "an attempt by criminals to prevent the voices of truth in the city."
- May 05** Troop Movements - Al-Jabal Al-Gharbi Province, Zintan: Vehicles carrying weaponry, including howitzers, allegedly arrived in the Zintan area.

- May 05** Kidnap - Al-Jafara Province, Aziziyah: Major Wissam Al-Shadidi, a member of the Anti-Smuggling and Ammunition Department was taken in a suspected kidnapping. Major Al-Shadidi is from Zahra in Warshefana.
- May 05** Security Operation - Tripoli Province, Swani: DCIM Tripoli Branch and 111 Brigade raided locations housing illegal migrants.
- May 05** Troop Movements - Al-Jabal Al-Gharbi Province, Zintan: Military vehicles, said to belong to Lt Gen Osama Jweli, commander of the Western Mountains Military Region, formed up in the centre of Zintan. Reports indicate this is the formation of a new brigade in the city under the command of Mokhtar Shhoub.
- May 06** Arrest - Misrata Province, Misrata: An illegal immigration gang was arrested in Misrata by the Misrata Special Tasks Department. The gang was allegedly led by a Pakistani national. Two locations were raided in the city including the home of an expatriate worker in the city centre and another on the outskirts of the city. The raids led to the arrests of 23 Pakistani nationals with claims they were attempting to transit illegally to Europe. The leader of the gang was allegedly charging 6,000 USD for the trip.
- May 06** Arrest - Tripoli Province, Tripoli: CID arrested seven people from a house cleaning company. CID claimed that despite paperwork showing otherwise, four of the workers had gastrointestinal diseases. Some of those arrested included the owners of the company.
- May 06** Troop Movements - Al-Jafara Province, Warshefana: 55 Battalion mobilised forces in response to 52 Infantry Brigade movements.
- May 06** Troop Movements - Tripoli Province, Tripoli: 111 Brigade mobilised assets from Misrata, including three tanks, two howitzers and armoured vehicles to Tripoli. This coincides with reports of a broad security operation targeted against criminals as well as aiming to reduce security breaches in the region.

Cyrenaica

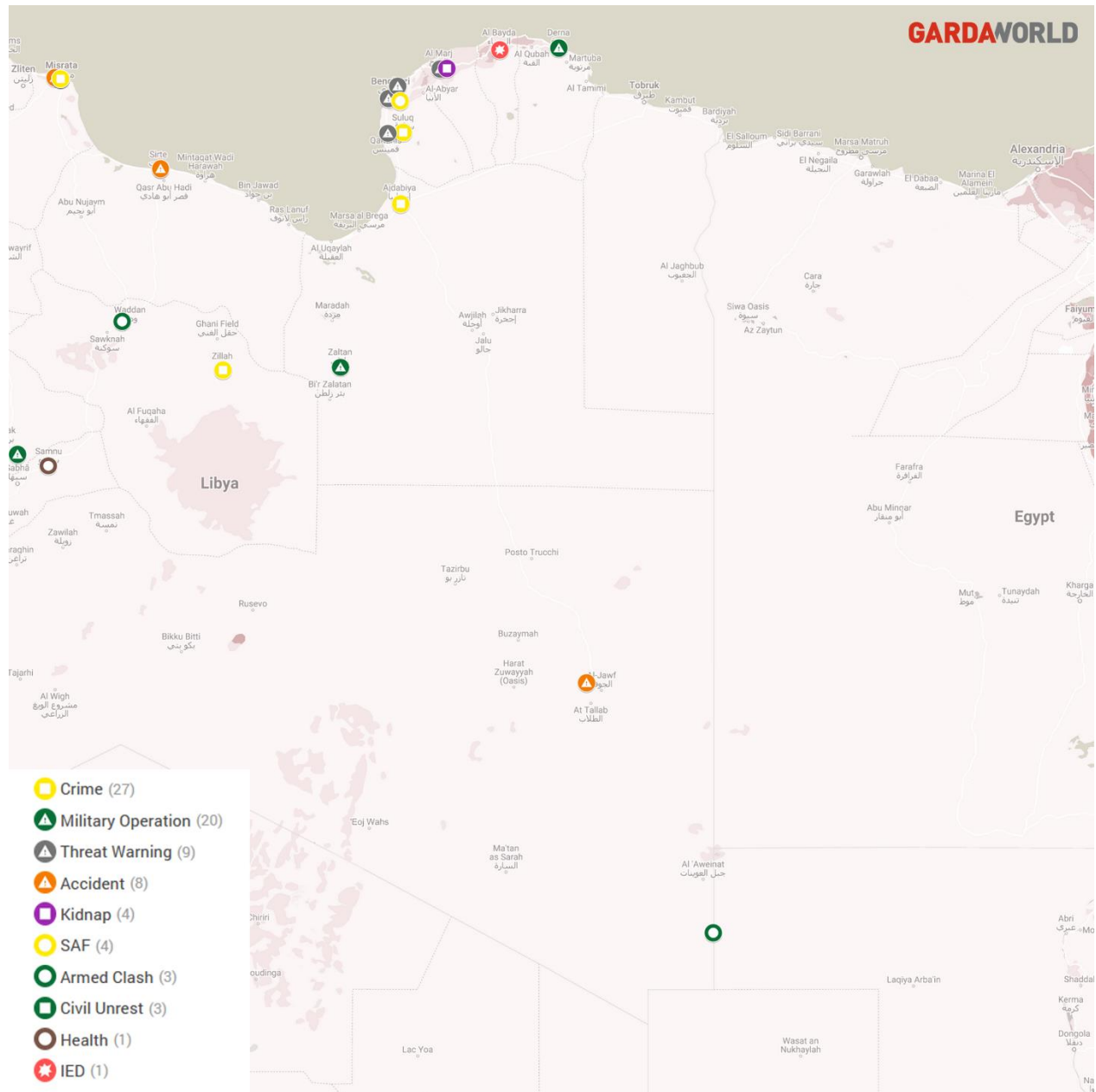


Image: Weekly security incidents reported across Cyrenaica

Security Incidents

- Apr 30** | IED - Al-Jabal Al-Akhdar Province, Bayda: An IED detonated on a truck, while another device was recovered. Bayda Security Directorate reported that the attack was due to a personal dispute and was not terrorist-related.
- Apr 30** | Security Operation - Derna Province, Derna: Derna and Bayda ISA branches were reported as conducting mobile security operations.
- May 01** | Arrest - Benghazi Province, Suluq: A singer named as Shams al-Obeidi was allegedly detained by the LNA's TBZ forces due to singing songs with an unfavourable political message.
- May 04** | Military Announcement - Al-Marj Province, Marj: The LNA announced the dissolution of 115 Battalion and its merger into 106 Brigade. 115 Battalion, which was based in Marj, was commanded by Abdul Fattah al-Nadouri, son of the LNA chief of staff.
- May 05** | Other - Benghazi Province, Suq al-Hout: Demolition operations of buildings badly damaged during the Battle for Benghazi have continued in the area.

- May 05** | Crime - Al-Wahat Province, Ajdabiya: GMMR maintenance teams controlled and fixed a leak caused after a cattle and camel breeder installed an illegal link on the system near Oum al-Gharaniq.
- May 05** | RTA - Kufra Province, Kufra: A serious accident occurred on the Kufra Road at Buzriq. The vehicle caught fire with reports of fatalities after the vehicles occupants were ejected from the vehicle.
- May 05** | Kidnap - Al-Marj Province, Marj: Captain Karim Al-Shaheibi, a member of the ministry of interior, was kidnapped. This comes amidst a conflict in the eastern region over the interior security agency between head of the ISA, Major General Osama Al-Darsi and the head of the ISA Benghazi Branch, Abdul Hamid Al-Raeed.
- May 06** | Threat Warning - Benghazi Province, Qaminis: There are possible tensions between the Shabala clan of the Awagir Tribe and 106 Brigade (LNA). The tribe issued a statement over the ownership of land in western Qaminis, stating it was not for sale after reports indicate 106 Brigade took control of the area and erected a wall which was said to be 12km long.
- May 06** | Military Announcement - Benghazi Province, Benghazi: Major General Saddam Haftar is intervening in the Internal Security Agency (ISA) dispute between head of the ISA, Major General Osama Al-Darsi and the head of the ISA Benghazi Branch, Abdul Hamid Al-Raeed after a series of tit-for-tat kidnappings in a bid to resolve the issue. This comes after the latest incident on May 05 when Captain Karim Al-Shaheibi, a member of the ministry of interior, was kidnapped in Marj.
- May 06** | Troop Movements - Al-Wahat Province, Zelten Oilfield: A military delegation from the LNA General Command, led by Saddam Haftar, visited the oilfields to inspect the security and workflow.
- May 06** | SAF - Benghazi Province, Benghazi: A patrol officer of the Benghazi Traffic Department, Ahmed Al-Shalmni Al-Darsi, was shot and wounded on the back of his head, allegedly by one of the escorts of Colonel Ali Al-Mashay, commander of 20-20, Tariq Bin Ziyad Brigade, at the Karama Junction.
- May 06** | Armed Clash - Kufra Province, Libya - Sudan Border: 110 Battalion (LNA) allegedly clashed with an unidentified group which was allegedly transporting fuel and weapons to Sudan.

Fezzan

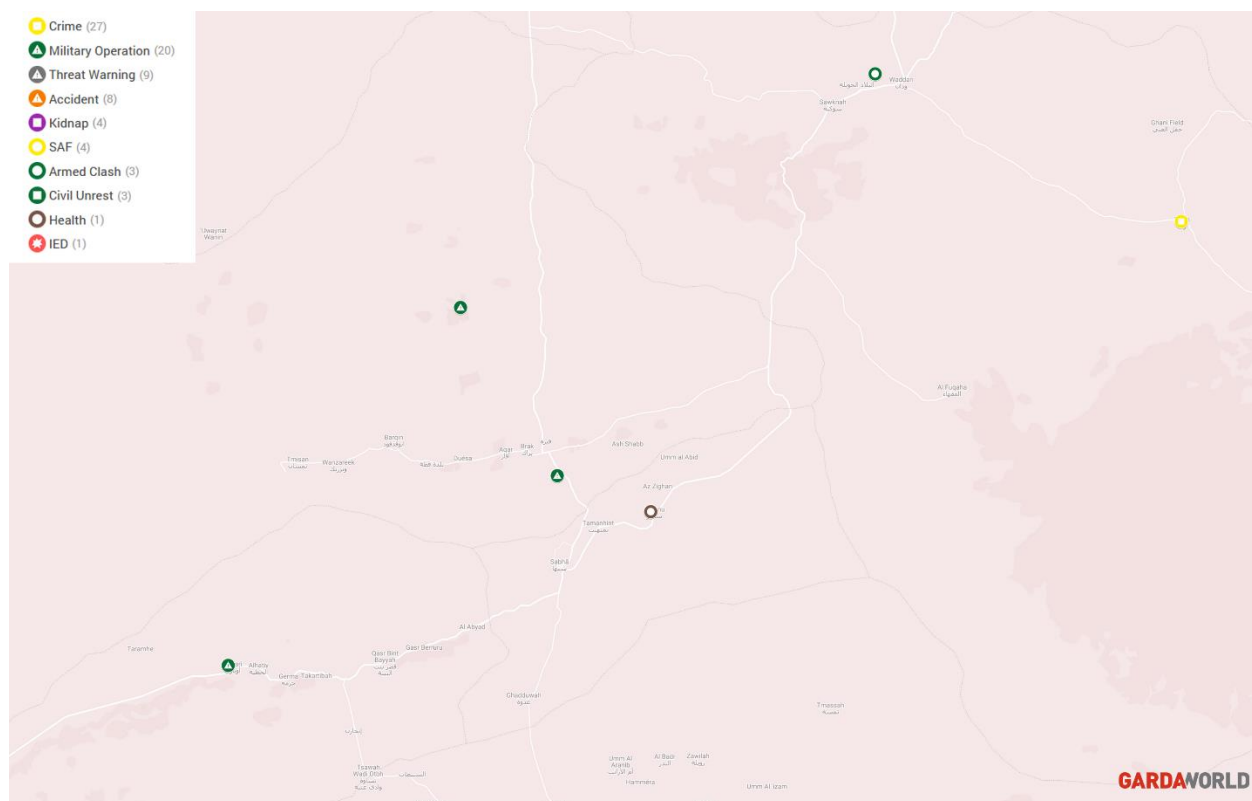


Image: Weekly security incidents reported across Fezzan

Security Incidents

- Apr 30** | Armed Attack - Al-Jufra Province, Jufra: The LNA's 110 Battalion reported being attacked by four vehicles bearing an emblem of Burkhan Alghadab Protect of the South. After repelling the attack and examining several corpses the LNA determined that the attackers had come from Sabha.
- Apr 30** | Security Operation - Wadi Al-Hayaa Province, Obari: 1st Infantry Company of 128 Brigade seized fuel from black market traders and distributed it locally.
- Apr 30** | Security Operation - Wadi Al-Shatii Province, Hasawna: TBZ and 166 Battalion joint operations were reported on the Hasawna MMR system.
- Apr 30** | Security Operation - Wadi Al-Shatii Province, Zallaf: 128 Brigade was reported as conducting mobile security patrols in the Zallaf oil field area.
- May 05** | Health - Sabha Province, Samnu: Over 50 women contracted food poisoning at a social event in Samnu. Many were hospitalised at the Sabha medical centre.
- May 05** | Crime - Al-Jufra Province, Zillah: Fuel smuggling trucks allegedly left the Al-Awjila farm and headed for Umm al-Aranib under the protection of K77 group, commanded by Mohamed al-Muzoghi.

Acronym List

AQ - Al-Qaeda
BDB – Benghazi Defense Brigade (Al Qaeda-aligned – AAS and RSCB associated/umbrella group)
CBL – Central Bank of Libya
CESF - Constitution and Election Support Force
CNI – Critical National Infrastructure
DACOCT - Deterrence Apparatus for Combating Organized Crime and Terrorism (SDF)
DDR - Disarmament, demobilising and reintegration
GASO – General Administration of Security Operations
GACS – General Administration of Central Support
GECOL – General Electricity Company of Libya
GMMR – Great Man-made River
GNA – Government of National Accord (2016)
GNC – General National Congress (2012)
GNS – Government of National Stability (2021)
GNU – Government of National Unity (2021)
GTUC - Greater Tripoli Union Council (Tripoli militias and others, established in June 2020)
HCS – High Council of State (Tripoli-based)
HNEC – High National Elections Commission
HoR – House of Representatives (Tobruk-based)
IDF – Indirect Fire (mortars/rockets)
IDP - Internally Displaced Persons
IED - Improvised Explosive Device
IOC - International Oil Company
IS - Islamic State
JMC – Joint Military Commission
LIFG – Libyan Islamic Fighting Group
LNA – Libyan National Army
LPA – Libyan Political Agreement (2015)
LPDF - Libyan Political Dialogue Forum (2020)
LROR - Libyan Revolutionary Operations Room
MoD - Ministry of Defense
MoF - Ministry of Finance
MoFA - Ministry of Foreign Affairs
MoI - Ministry of Interior
MoJ - Ministry of Justice
MoO - Ministry of Oil
MoT - Ministry of Transportation
NFDK - No Further Details Known
NGO - Non-Governmental Organisation (aid/charity)
NOC – National Oil Company
NSG – National Salvation Government (GNC)
NSTR - Nothing Significant To Report
P3+2 – France, Germany, Italy – UK, US
PC – Presidency Council
PG – Presidential Guard
PFG - Petroleum Facilities Guard
RPG - Rocket Propelled Grenade
RTA - Road Traffic Accident
TIP – Tripoli International Airport
SSA – Stability Support Authority
SAF - Small Arms Fire
SDF – Rada Deterrence Force/ Special Deterrence Force/ Rada
UXO - Unexploded Ordnance

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