

KEY DEVELOPMENTS



11 June 2023

Tripoli

- Al-Tekbali Camp: 444 reinforcements amid rumoured tensions with SDF
- Hamza Camp: 111 Brigade conduct drills

Nationwide / General

- Al-Zawiya: Body found
- Al-Qalaa: "Libyan Revolutionaries Union" statement
- South Misrata: Patrols & checkpoints
- Al-Kufra: GNS PM visit
- Lebanon: Saif Al-Islam denounces brother's imprisonment
- HNEC: Russia offered technical support in electoral process

Oil & Gas Update

Nothing Significant To Report (NSTR)

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SUMMARY

Key Points

- 6+6 Committee delay electoral laws announcement
- GNU commence 2nd phase of west security ops.
- Political tensions continue to escalate

Political

Whispering Bell continues to assess presidential elections are unlikely in 2023, despite momentum towards the polls. In the current context, Libya stands at the political crossroads of new government announcements.

Political divisions over the way forward in Libya remain centred around the need to form a new government, and whether this must be a brand new executive to supervise the elections, or a government formed via a Government of National Unity (GNU) cabinet reshuffle and/or merger with the parallel Government of National Stability (GNS).

The 6+6 committee tasked with formulating electoral laws concluded meetings in Bouznika, Morocco, and a final agreement on the electoral laws is expected to be announced on 06 June in a signing ceremony attended by the heads of Libya's two chambers.

Regardless of the potential consensus reached during the inter-parliamentary discussions, it is assessed the electoral laws will require the final approval of the eastern-based parliament, which will likely delay the path towards elections in favour of a new government.

Meanwhile, it is anticipated all stakeholders will continue to pay lip-service to elections whilst pursuing specific political agendas and securing their interests. A key escalation trigger in the next few weeks will be the 6+6 committee's potential publication of electoral laws that compel presidential candidates to resign from their positions and/or exclude specific candidates.

Security

Stable atmospherics prevail across the country. Political tensions are expected to increase the frequency of sporadic low-impact security incidents across the western region, though the overall operating environment will remain permissive for foreign businesses.

There is mounting evidence to indicate the wave of security incidents in Al-Zawiya is part of a sophisticated anti-GNU campaign to weaken Dbeibah's foothold in the city, expel pro-GNU forces, and make the case for a new interim government. The political nature of the demands by the local protesters lend credence to this assessment. This week the GNU announced the commencement of the second phase of its security operations in the west coast region, which will include a crackdown on wanted suspects. Beyond Al-Zawiya, locals could resort to various forms of civil disobedience in protest of the GNU's operations in their respective areas, including targeting critical infrastructure and disrupting vital operations.

Oil & Gas

Disruptions to production are likely despite evidence the LNA is yet to support a coordinated oil blockade. In his latest visit to Libya, US Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) Director William Burns allegedly reiterated to Haftar the importance of safeguarding oil and gas facilities and production.

TRIPOLI

Report nº6427: Al-Tekbali Camp: 444 reinforcements amid rumoured tensions with SDF

WB sources monitored a military convoy of approximately 150 technicals affiliated with the 444 Fighting Brigade on Tripoli's Khallat Al-Furjan main road, heading northwards, at approximately 1700hrs on 10 June. Reports indicate the convoy came from Tarhunah and was stationed at the Brigade's stronghold; Al-Tekbali Camp in Salah Eddien. Unconfirmed reports allege the brigade's commander, Mahmoud Hamza, ordered a number of his forces to return to Tripoli from Tarhuna in anticipation of any possible attack by the Special Deterrence Force (SDF) following rumours over the latter planning to expel the 444 Fighting Brigade from the capital. It will be recalled that skirmishes involving the use of heavy artillery were reported between the two sides in central Tripoli on 28 May.

Analysis/Comment: Rumoured growing tensions between the SDF and the 444 Fighting Brigade suggest that long-standing alliances among Tripoli's most prominent armed formations could be shifting. Of note, members of both armed formations hail mostly from Triipoli's <u>Souq Al-Jumaa</u> area. It will be recalled that 444 Fighting Brigade commander Mahmoud Hamza was the former commander of the SDF's 20/20 Company until late 2020.

Location: Al-Tekbali Camp Incident Date: 10 June Timestamp: 1700hrs

Source: WB Veracity: A

Actors: 444 Fighting

Brigade Impact: Low

Recommendations:

Continue to closely monitor signs of growing tensions between the two aforementioned armed formations.

Report nº6428: Hamza Camp: 111 Brigade conduct drills

WB sources reported sporadic gunfire heard in Tripoli's <u>Al-Hadba Al-Mashro'</u>, <u>Airport Road</u>, and <u>Al-Kremiya</u> areas as a result of the 111 Brigade conducting drills at Hamza Camp located in Al-Hadba Al-Mashro' area at approximately 1245hrs on 11 June.

Analysis/Comment: No further information.

Location: Hamza Camp Incident Date: 11 June Timestamp: 1245hrs

Source: WB Veracity: A

Actors: 111 Brigade

Impact: Low

Recommendations:

Identify the motives behind gunfire heard across the capital.

NATIONWIDE / GENERAL

Al-Zawiya: Body found

An unidentified body of a handcuffed man was found dumped on a beach in Al-Zawiya's <u>Al-Mutrud</u> area in the evening on 10 June, according to reports. There are no further details available.

Al-Qalaa: "Libyan Revolutionaries Union" statement

Dozens of men self-identifying as the "Libyan Revolutionaries Union" rejected the formation of a new legislative or executive body prolonging the Libyan crisis and demanded that controversial figures be excluded from running in elections in a video statement issued in <u>Al-Qalaa</u> on 09 June. Of note, the Union represents several cities including Tripoli, Misrata, Zintan, Kikla, Al-Khoms, Al-Ajaylat, Msallatah and Bani Walid, as well as the Tebu tribe.

South Misrata: Patrols & checkpoints

The General Department of Security Operations conducted patrols south of Misrata to crackdown on fuel and human smugglers through the establishment of checkpoints in the <u>Dufan</u> area on 10 June, according to the GNU Ministry of Interior (MoI).

Al-Kufra: GNS PM visit

GNS Prime Minister Osama Hammad, Minister of Local Government Sami Al-Dhawi, Minister of Water Resources Mohamed Doma, several House of Representatives (HoR) members, and technicians and engineers arrived in Al-Kufra on 10 June. The visiting delegation was received by dignitaries and elders of the city, as well as service sector officials. Hammad conducted an inspection tour of several sites including Omar Al-Mukhtar Health Centre, Qadr Health Centre, and the Libyan Customs headquarters. Hammad ordered that health centres are provided with necessary supplies and to settle the contracts of medical staff, while also ordering the commencement of maintenance work on Al-Kufra Airport runway and the completion of Al-Kufra-Bouzreq Road.

Lebanon: Saif Al-Islam denounces brother's imprisonment

Saif Al-Islam Gaddafi referred to his brother Hannibal's nine-year imprisonment in Lebanon is "inhumane and illegal" as he has been detained without a trial in media statements on 10 June. Gaddafi expressed his surprise over the charges against Hannibal on withholding information on the disappearance of Lebanese Shiite cleric Musa Al-Sadr while on a trip to Libya in 1978, stressing that Hannibal was an infant at the time of Al-Sadr's disappearance.

Meanwhile, the Media Office of Lebanese Prime Najib Mikati denied contact with any Libyan party including GNU Prime Minister Abdul Hamid Dbeibah and stated that Hannibal's file is

being dealt with by the judicial authority and is followed up by appropriate judicial procedures. Of note, Dbeibah recently appeared in an instagram live during which he confirmed that his government is in contact with Lebanese authorities regarding Hannibal's case.

Comment: Saif's remarks come shortly after Hannibal's lawyer stated that his client began a hunger strike to protest his imprisonment without a trial on 03 June

HNEC: Russia offered technical assistance in electoral process

High National Election Commission (HNEC) Chairman Emad Al-Sayeh stated that Russia offered to provide technical assistance to facilitate the electoral process in Libya, including inviting Russian organisaiton specialised in monitoring elections on 10 June. Al-Sayeh stated that the 14 May visit to Tripoli by a delegation from the Russian Embassy in Libya came within the framework of supporting the political process and particularly the elections, while noting HNEC was invited to visit the Central Election Commission (CEC) in Moscow. Al-Sayeh added that HNEC intends to invite several international organisations that can provide similar assistance in monitoring the electoral process.

OIL & GAS UPDATE

Terminal Status

Es-Sider	Operational
Ras Lanuf	Operational
Mellitah	Operational
Zawiya	Operational
Zueitina	Operational
Marsa	Operational
Brega	
Marsa	Operational
Hariga	
Bouri	Operational
Jurf	Operational

Es-Sider: Stable terminal operations and security atmospherics reported as of 1700hrs LT.

■ Report nº6429: Nothing Significant To Report (NSTR)

Analysis/Comment: N/A

Location: N/A Incident Date: N/A Timestamp: N/A Source: N/A Veracity: N/A Actors: N/A

Impact: N/A

Recommendations:

N/A

VERACITY SCALE

A - Reliable:

This information is almost certainly true. A is Reliable, "No doubt of authenticity, trustworthiness, or competency; has a history of complete reliability". It is reported by one or more credible publications, and if an author is listed we have no reason to suspect them to be biased. The reporting is sourced based on widely available or verifiable information. The information is consistent with everything our team knows about this subject.

B – Fairly Reliable:

This information is probably true. This information is possibly true. B is "Fairly Reliable" for "minor doubt". It is reported one or more mostly credible publications, and if an author is listed we have no reason to suspect them to be biased on this subject. The reporting is primarily based on verifiable information. The information is mostly consistent with everything our team knows about this subject, but may contain new or surprising information given credibility on the strength of the publication or author.

C - Unreliable:

This information is probably false. This information is almost certainly false. "not usually reliable" for "significant doubt," and "unreliable" for "Lacking in authenticity, trustworthiness, and competency; history of invalid information". It appears in social media or an unreliable publication, and may be written by an author that is not known to us or is known to be less reliable. The reporting is thin, largely dependent on anonymous sources or unverifiable accounts from social media or limited access areas. The information is consistent enough with our knowledge of the subject to be possible, but contains sufficient discrepancies to make it seem unlikely. The information is mostly or entirely inconsistent with our knowledge of the subject.

ACRONYM LIST

AQ Al-Qaeda

BAM Al-Bunyan Al-Marsous BCP Border Crossing Point

BEN Benghazi International Airport
BDB Benghazi Defence Brigade

BPMC Brega Petroleum Marketing Company
BRSC Benghazi Revolutionary Shura Council

CBL Central Bank of Libya

CESF Constitution and Elections Support Force

CNI Critical National Infrastructure
CDA Constitutional Drafting Assembly

DACOCT Deterrence Apparatus for Combating Organized Crime and Terrorism

DDR Disarmament, demobilising and reintegration

DF Direct Fire

DMSC Derna Mujahideen Shura Security Council
GACS General Administration of Central Support
GASO General Administration of Security Operations

GECOL General Electricity Company of Libya

GMMR Great Man-Made River

GNA Government of National Accord
GNC General National Congress
GNS Government of National Stability
GNU Government of National Unity
GTUC Greater Trpoli Union Council

HCS High Council of State

HNEC High National Election Commission (HNEC)

HoR House of Representatives

IDF Indirect Fire

IED Improvised Explosive Device IDP Internally Displaced Persons IOC International Oil Company

IS Islamic State

JMC Joint Military Commission LAB Libyan Audit Bureau

LIFG Libyan Islamic Fighting Group

LNA Libyan National Army
LPA Libyan Political Agreement
LPDF Libyan Political Dialogue Forum

LROR Libyan Revolutionary Operations Room

MJI Mitiga International Airport

MoD Ministry of Defence MoF Ministry of Finance

MoFA Ministry of Foreign Affairs
MOGC Mellitah Oil and Gas Complex

Mol Ministry of Interior MoJ Ministry of Justice MoO Ministry of Oil

MoT Ministry of Transportation
MRA Misrata International Airport
NEE No Expected Exposure

NIEE No Immediate Expected Exposure

NFDK No Further Details Known

NGO Non-Governmental Organisation

NOC National Oil Company

NSTR Nothing Significant To Report P3+2 France, Germany, Italy, UK, US

PC Presidential Council

PFG Petroleum Facilities Guard

RASCO Ras Lanuf Oil and Gas Processing Company

RPG Rocket-Propelled Grenade
RTA Road Traffic Accident
SAF Small Arms Fire

SSA Stabilisation Support Agency
SDF Special Deterrence Force
TPF Tripoli Protection Force

UNSRSG United Nations Special Representative of the Secretary General

UNSMIL United Nations Support Mission in Libya

UXO Unexploded Ordnance WOC Waha Oil Company